

# The Wetaskiwin Times

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WETASKIWIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, APRIL 26, 1923

V. C. French, Publisher

## THE ROMANCE OF PIGEON LAKE OIL

**Drilling Started Monday in Mutual Oil Company's No. 1 Well at Six Hundred feet. Company Directors optimistic. Capable Staff of Drillers. Results expected at Eight Hundred Feet. Possible Byproducts Development? Well is interestingly situated.**

Millions of ages ago nature started setting the stage for a drama, the last act of which is now being pushed to a close at the Mutual Oil Company's holdings near Pigeon Lake, in the heart of the sea which covered this part of the world, so piled up their raw materials—and the materials were pretty raw; nothing but snails, in fact. Snails, and fish, and oozes and goo—and fossils—that's what propels the "gas wagon" along the road today. In time these materials were covered deep with "settlings," and in time they decomposed. The tremendous pressure squeezed the juice out of them, and that juice is the crude oil from which our modern gasoline is made. Some of it smelted like a too.

Not content with working this miracle deep in the earth, not content with leading men on to invent the gas engine and so create a demand for her product, mother nature carefully went to work to advertise it.

A tar sand seepage, taken alone, means nothing. The whole north country is plastered with such seepages, most of which were simply dragged away from home and left stranded by the great glacial drift which any schoolboy in the fifth grade knows slipped down over this continent long before any of the present generation were born. A man who plies his faith to one of these seepage seepages is mining, foot's gold, but get hold of a parent seepage, and you've got something.

A little stream meanders through a field. It cuts down through the soil and through the sandstone rock. This takes time, but nature never looks for lightning results, as human advertisers sometimes do. Eventually behold revealed a sandstone structure tilting south and east. To the untrained eye it was a sandbank; to the eye of the trained geologist it was an open page in nature's book. A dozen miles away sandstone had done its work. The sandstone tilted north and west. This second stream was Conifer Creek. Halfway between the two sloping structures, at the point where they came together like the peak of a house (a phenomenon called by geologists an anticline), was a tar sand seepage that could only mean one thing—it had seeped from below through the break in the structures which constitutes the peak. At that point, upon the advice of an expert geologist from the University of Alberta, the Mutual Oil and Gas Development Co. is sinking Well No. 1, now down six hundred feet.

When a visitor for the first time glimpses here in Alberta peering from the trees, the familiar derick he has so often seen in moving pictures and oil-well circulars from Oklahoma he gets a thrill. Here is something tangible; not a wild speculation by professional promoters, but an earnest attempt at genuine development by men who have been your neighbors for years. The drill is steadily chug-chugging its way down into the hidden treasure, drilling operations for this season having commenced officially on Monday of this week. Every bucket of slush from the bottom of the well shows flecks of oil.

Still the promoters are talking sanely. They make no extravagant claims. They admit they are taking chances, but they believe their chances are good. As far as the president of the company would commit himself on Monday was to declare, "We have been told by men who know, that the chances of striking oil right here are as good as they are anywhere in the world."

Chief Driller Scott is again in charge of operations. Geo. Starkey's services have been secured for this season, and with his knowledge of well drilling and blacksmithing work he should prove a useful man on the working force. Henry Hagen is also assisting. A double shift will be worked. The company is determined

to finish the job, and they are anxious to finish it this summer. It is a small company doing a big job, but they are doing it in a big way.

Drilling goes quietly and steadily on. Driller Scott is confident that another couple of hundred feet will hit the spot.

The location of the camp is one that any moving picture producer might choose as a good place to "shoot" a film. Approaching by a winding road through the trees, hoveled by the hand of the genial J.P., we encounter first the bunkhouse, cookhouse and private quarters of the chief driller; for the chief driller's wife is a member of the little community, and an important one too, as the boys will admit at meal time.

Then comes the derick itself, and beyond it, at a safe distance the boiler house and blacksmith shop. The foot of the derick is housed in for protection against the elements, and the vital part of the equipment is contained here. Part of the equipment was purchased from another company which was preparing to drill further north, but abandoned the project at the outbreak of the war.

A steam line from the boiler house runs a donkey engine, which does the heavy work. The drill is working in a six-inch hole. No smoking is allowed in the main building, for the well is constantly "escaping" from the well.

Followers of the oil situation know that at the Sunburst fields in Montana the nearest wells from here which are actually producing, the oil is found below a formation known as red-bedded sandstone. The Pigeon Lake derick has pierced the first red-bed, and are believed to be approaching the second. Below that second red-bed all interest centers.

The oil well is alongside a little lake. A tiny stream trickles down behind the derick and carries away the slush, a big convenience. A wheat field stretches at the other side, and beyond the wheat field is the road. An experimentally inclined individual from Edmonton came down one day and extracted a few gallons of crude oil from these tar sands. It was a good sample. This may prove a profitable side line once the bigger proposition has been developed.

Another possible field for development may be found in the forty feet of oil shale encountered by the drill in its downward way. This same kind of shale is being used in the production of oil in Scotland today.

At five hundred feet the drill brought up a fossil seaweed, a hopeful sign. (Seaweed was all that en-

## HENRY OCHS HOME IS GUTTED BY FIRE

Fire of unknown origin destroyed the contents of the Henry Ochs residence in the south end of the city on Tuesday afternoon of this week. There was no one at home when the fire started; consequently it gained considerable headway before being observed. Flames were bursting from the roof before the alarm was sent in, and by the time the brigade reached the scene it was found impossible to save the contents of the main part of the house. The structure, however, remains practically intact, and the interior will be reconstructed. The lean-to part of the house escaped serious damage.

Mr. Ochs estimates that the damage will amount to more than one thousand dollars. The building and contents were insured for eight hundred. Repairs will commence as soon as the insurance adjustment is made.

The family is living with a neighbor until the house is again ready for occupancy.

The fire department had another run at noon on Wednesday, when some children playing around a burning pile of rubbish back of the old Robert Ward barn in the north end of the city dragged some of the burning material against a board fence adjoining the barn, setting fire to the fence, which in a short time would have communicated it to the barn. Some heroic women with water pails saved the situation before the hose wagon arrived.

## WOMEN'S INSTITUTE

The regular meeting of the Women's Institute will be held in the Alexandra school on Saturday, April 23, at 3 o'clock sharp. Business, and a program consisting of music, a paper on "The Canadian in the Making" and a paper on "Natural Resources" will be given, and refreshments will be served. All members are urged to be present as important business will be discussed.

couraged Columbus to push on and discover America). The consulting geologist places the point at which oil should be discovered at not more than one thousand feet. This would be a shallow well, as oil wells go, but the explanation is that our friend the glacier pushed off about a thousand feet of the peak or anticline we mentioned a while ago, so its relentless southward trek, leaving only a thousand feet to go.

As President Hanson observes: "It's a great country!" It's a country of limitless possibilities and surprising contrasts. On the way out we pass the remains of an old sawmill. Tilled fields stretch on every side; the cattle are grazing on a thousand hills. Here in the heart of Sunny Alberta we have civilization's latest product—the oil well. And half a mile down the road a blue-eyed, unkempt hermit is hauling stones with oxen; the whole outfit, including the hermit, might come out of the ark.

It's a great country, all right; and the chances are as good as anywhere in the world."

## The Automobile Tax Bylaw

On Tuesday evening the city council pushed through a Bylaw putting a tax on automobiles, grading the scale of values from \$300.00 to \$900.00.

In some respects the Bylaw appears fair enough, but to a certain class of car owners, including the majority of those who pay their taxes regularly, and whose cars range in value from \$600.00 to around \$1200, the tax is, to say the least, extortionate.

A man buys a new Ford touring car this spring and the city jumps on him for a tax of about \$17.50, which is going to hurt both the man who has to purchase a new car and the man in business who is selling cars.

The man who last year bought, for instance, a new Dodge, or any car in that price class, and has taken fairly good care of it, and, will be taxed under this bylaw an amount around \$27.50, which is more than extortion. The man with the new \$2000.00 class car only pays the same amount.

The cry by the council is that the city needs the money. Why pick on the one class of citizens? Our opinion is, that if the tax were based on what Ald. Chandler gave as his plan—a tax of from \$7.50 to \$12.50, or even to \$15.00—the city would get more money at less cost than the present way.

The majority of citizens are getting tired of being taxed on their real estate, homes, etc., and then having to pay a service tax, an automobile tax, besides the Dominion income tax, and the provincial automobile license.

## WEDDINGS

COCKERAM — MACFARLANE

A pretty wedding was held on Saturday, April 21, in Immanuel church, when Miss Florence Macfarlane was united in marriage with Mr. Cockeram of Wetaskiwin and now of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Calgary. The Rev. W. J. James officiating. The church was decorated with flowers and was filled with friends anxious to witness the ceremony long before the wedding party arrived.

Mr. Bedford played selections at the organ during the wedding and broke into Lohengrin's Bridal March on the arrival of the bride, who was dressed in a blue serge suit with a pretty grey blouse and a hat to match trimmed with silk flowers. Around her neck she wore an emerald stole, and at her waist a lovely bouquet of pink roses. She was also wearing a gold watch bracelet, the gift of the bridegroom. The bride was given away by her cousin, Mr. Burgess, of the University at Edmonton. At the close of the ceremony after a short interval in the vestry, the bride and bridegroom passed down the church to the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March, and left for the bride's home. Only the Rev. and Mrs. James and the immediate relatives of the bride were present at the wedding breakfast at Mrs. Macfarlane's.

The bride and bridegroom left by the 11 train for Calgary, where they will make their home. A large number of friends were at the station and gave a hearty send-off to the popular couple.

SOMMERS — WOITE

The marriage of Bortha Gesina, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Wolto, to William E. Sommers, was solemnized on April 12, at the Pleasant Prairie Lutheran church, the Rev. Goss officiating.

The bride was very beautifully attired in a gown of satin, gorged with gold metal lace, wearing a veil and wreath of orange blossoms, and carrying a lovely bouquet of white carnations and ferns. Miss E. Sommers, the groom's sister, acted as maid of honor, and was attired in a gown of white and pink organdie, also carrying a bouquet of white carnations and ferns. Mr. A. Wolto supported the groom, while Mrs. O. G. Schuman of Calgary, was matron of honor.

The procession entered the church to the soft strains of Lohengrin's

## INDIAN BARBECUE AT FAIR GROUNDS

Word has been received here of the distribution to the Indians at Hobema on Wednesday and Thursday of this week of approximately twenty-five thousand dollars, "land grant money" meaning money paid to the Indians for land rented or bought from them in the past. This year's installment amounts to thirty dollars a head, so that a man with a good-sized family will draw possibly up to three hundred dollars. All three tribes, Ermineskin, Samson and Ihali, participate in the payments.

Arrangements are being made by local business men to entertain the noble men in the good old fashioned way, with roasted oxen and distribution of gifts. The festivities will commence about four o'clock this afternoon (Thursday) at the fair grounds, by which time all payments will have been made at the Highways agency and the temporarily rich aborigines will have had time to take the trip to town.

## THE SURVEY AT MA-ME-O BEACH

Interest is now centering around the projected survey of building lots at Ma-Me-O beach. It is rumored that a government surveyor will be on the ground this week to subdivide the site, and no doubt a number of citizens will go out to keep an eye on the proceedings from the standpoint of their own interests. Naturally nobody wants to move, but it seems almost unavoidable that somebody will have to. After the lots are laid out they will probably be auctioned off in the same manner as school lands. The occasion will probably all for the display of considerable tact and good citizenship.

The annual convention of the Women's Institute will be held at the University buildings, Edmonton, on May 25th.

Seeding is well under way and progressing rapidly. We have heard no report of decreased acreages in this district. Apparently our farmers still have confidence in the weather man.

Wedding March, played by Miss M. Goss.

After the ceremony, the guests, numbering 150, returned to the bride's home, where a buffet dinner was served. Mr. and Mrs. Sommers were the recipients of many beautiful gifts. The happy couple will make their home in Leduc, where Mr. Sommers is engaged in business.

## WILL SUBMIT REFERENDUM ON

## VARIOUS METHODS OF LIQUOR LEGISLATION TO THE PEOPLE

Alberta voters will vote this year on a liquor referendum involving various methods of handling liquor, wine and beer, or continuance of the present liquor act.

The house voted by a 12 to 15 against to accept the resolution of Premier Greenfield that alternative questions on liquor legislation be submitted to the people at the same time that the beer sale plebiscite is voted upon. The house had previously passed the beer sale plebiscite.

Premier Greenfield immediately moved another resolution that the form of the questions to be submitted at the liquor referendum be determined by a joint committee of five members appointed from all sides of the house—Farmer, Labor, Liberal, Independent and Conservative.

Following a bitter attack on the government for alleged weakness in failing to bring down a policy itself on the subject, Opposition Leader J. R. Boyle announced that neither he nor any members of the Liberal opposition would serve on such a joint committee.

The last act of the provincial legislature concluded Saturday was to finally endorse what form of ballot would be submitted to the electors in the referendum, this being substantially the same as was recommended to the assembly by a select committee appointed for the purpose some days previously, although the house fought bitterly over the whole proposition Saturday morning and afternoon following the battle which ended by

## COUNCIL DELIBERATES LONG; TAX AND LICENSE BYLAWS

**Automobile Tax proves to be Main Storm Centre. Service**

**Tax another Knotty Problem. License Bylaw, Hospital Bylaw and Bylaw appointing Registrar of Voters also Passed. Grant Made for Cemetery Improvements. Miscellaneous Tenders Opened.**

The city council met in a lengthy session on Tuesday evening, which lasted into Wednesday morning owing to the passing of several bylaws which are aimed at filling the city coffers, by way of a license bylaw, motor vehicles tax bylaw, service tax bylaw, hospital bylaw, and a bylaw appointing a registrar of voters. The hospital, registrar and license bylaw went over in quick order, but the automobile and service tax bylaws caused some discussion, with the automobile tax bylaw away in the lead in the length of discussion required to finally get it past the board.

After the minutes of the last regular meeting had been read and adopted, a delegation addressed the council asking for a sidewalk leading to Lansdowne street west. After discussion, the matter was referred to the public works committee to report.

A letter was read from the Supt. of Neglected Children at Edmonton, respecting delinquent boys, made words of the government from this city recently. The letter was ordered to be filed.

A letter was read from the department regarding a woman receiving allowance under the Mother's Allowance act in the city. The letter was ordered filed.

In a discussion regarding another case coming under this act, it was decided to instruct the secretary to write the department asking for a full investigation of the case.

D. T. Lenoir wrote regarding lot for garden. The matter was referred to the public property committee.

The secretary reported a business tax account, where the delinquent wished a reduction made. It was

referred to the public property committee to report.

The matter of a cheque received from the Compensation board settling a claim of city employee, was referred to the city solicitor and the finance committee to report at next meeting.

An account from E. Kraft of \$5.33 for labor on weigh scales, was ordered paid.

The King's Printer wrote requesting \$2.00 subscription for Alberta Gazette. It was moved that no action be taken.

The financial committee report on two minor tax matters.

Accounts were passed for payment as follows: Supplementary, \$118.35; Gasoline, \$70.54; Electric Light, \$243.25; and Waterworks, \$12.25.

The cemetery committee recommended that some improvements be made at cemetery. A grant of \$75.00 was made for this work.

After discussion it was decided that city build a shed at power house for housing city rolling stock, etc. Tenders were then opened for the labor of constructing the shed. Howard Fox's tender was \$40.00, and J. Cairne \$50.00. The tender of H. Fox was accepted.

Tenders were then opened for filling in low ground at cemetery, as follows: H. Jackson, \$30.00; J. A. Finch, \$20.00; D. Hawkins, \$25.00; W. Shantz, \$30.00; D. Wark, \$40.00. The tender of J. A. Finch was accepted.

Tenders for trees were then opened as follows: R. Hawkins, \$5.00 a dozen; Moege & Erickson, \$4.00 a dozen. After discussion the matter of planting trees was referred to the cemetery committee with power to act.

D. W. Wark addressed council regarding an overcharge on water account. The matter was referred to the light and water committee, with power to act.

The chairman of the public works committee recommended that brackets for portable steam boiler be recast. The recommendation was adopted.

F. Montgomery offered to build a cinder walk in front of his property on Roy Street, if city would build walk along balance of block. The matter was referred to the public works committee with power to act.

The matter of replacing crossings with cinders was referred to the public works committee with power to act.

(Continued on Page 4)



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Price 25¢ a trial at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

## SHINING PROMISE

It was not until the fifth day after her return from a visit with a young married friend in another town that Abby Jane Dixon took her mother into her confidence. They were sitting in the little sewing room upstairs, making curtains for the guest-room. It was cozy near the register, although the day was pleasantly cold outside, and Abby Jane in her little dark blue serge with its bright light garish embroideries, was as fresh and sweet as a bouquet of red roses. Yet in spite of this vivid charm there was a wistfulness in the hazel eyes, a sadness about the sweet mouth that troubled Mrs. Dixon. Abby Jane had not been the same since she returned home. She was fretting and troubled. It was not Mrs. Dixon's way to probe into her daughter's secrets. Let Abby Jane alone and she would tell all in time.

"I wrote about meeting Lawrence Shepard, didn't I, mother?" Abby Jane began.

"Oh, yes, so you did."

"Well, Lawrence, you know, mother, really paid me a lot of attention. Marian thought it rather marked. He and Marian's husband were college friends, and they work for the same concern. So of course he was at the house a great deal any way. But Marian said that Lawrence wasn't any hand for girls. I guess," Abby Jane laughed—"she wondered what he could see in me. I am really very plain, and I don't make much of a showing when I'm out among girls as Marian had around her all the time. Take Genevieve Conway, she was the loveliest thing! Oh, I can appreciate beauty even though I haven't it myself!"

She had ended on a bitter note. Mrs. Dixon looked pained. Perhaps her Abby Jane wasn't as handsome as some others, but she was sweet and good and refreshing. Perhaps red roses were rather common, but Mrs. Dixon loved them. "Beauty isn't everything," she murmured.

"No. But still it is nine-tenths of what you need when you want to get a man you think a lot of. Besides, Genevieve Conway is there all the time, and I've gone away. And Genevieve—Well, talk about pictures!" Abby Jane sighed. "I haven't yet enough of my personality behind me. I am afraid to go very far in this case."

Mrs. Dixon took several uneven stitches. She was trying to think. Without doubt this little girl of hers had set her heart on Lawrence Shepard. Whether he was worthy or not, he was "it." "I'd like to see him," Mrs. Dixon said. "Why not invite him to the mid-winter dance? He can stay here and Bob will see that he has a good time with the boys. Why not, Abby Jane?"

"I am not sure that he would come," Abby Jane said. "I haven't yet. 'Ask him and see. That's the only way you can find out. When we get these new curtains up in the guest-room it will be pretty enough for anybody. And—you can go and get a brand new dress for the party if you want, dear."

Abby Jane smiled. "Oh, mother! You are so good to me! Well, I will ask him. But I don't need a new dress." Abby Jane knew that new dresses didn't come easy in her family. "That one I had to wear to Marian's is good enough. We can't be too extravagant, you know, not knowing what will come of it." Her lips quivered.

Abby Jane wrote a little note to Lawrence Shepard asking him to come to the mid-winter dance. Bob, a year younger and the most obliging brother in the world, approved. "I'll do my best to entertain him, Ab," he promised.

Two days later Abby Jane got the reply to her letter. She read it aloud to her mother and smiled bravely, but her throat was so dry and tight that she could not swallow. "He can't come, mother! Can't get away on account of business. Well, it's all right, of course."

Abby Jane went to the mid-winter dance with Bob and was as gay as she had ever been, apparently. No body but her brother knew what she felt and they did not say a word to each other.

A week, dreary, a stormy week, followed. Abby Jane had a cold which grew better slowly. She remained hoarse and pale. Only her mother knew how much was cold and how much was heartache.

It was the afternoon of Leslie Lennox's shower, and Abby Jane had bundled up her throat and gone two blocks down the street in a raging snowstorm. The fun was at its height and Abby Jane was doing her best, although she could not help thinking of the shower she would never have, when she was called to the telephone. Her mother's voice, low and guarded, came over the wire. Though the telephone was in the little family den one had to speak carefully if one

would not be heard in the living room. "Abby Jane, can you come to it once? Mr. Shepard is here—Mr. Shepard! Yes, Lawrence."

"You're not leaving? What is the matter?" demanded Leslie. But Leslie Lambert had heard Abby Jane's exclamation—"Lawrence!" She enlightened the girls.

"It's some man come to see Abby Jane!" she said. "She never told us a word about who she met while she was away of her visit."

Abby Jane, flushed and palpitating with all the joy of the world, ran home and snatched her things off in the hall, and went straight into the living room. He was there with her mother, so vigorously, splendidly good looking."

"I have been west on business for the firm," he explained, "and I found that I had a few hours' stop over if I came this way."

He stayed to a good dinner. Never had there been more satisfying, appreciative person in the world than Lawrence Shepard. No wonder Abby Jane had picked him; her girl's heart had been rarely wise.

Afterwards they played cards and had a merry, informal, unpretentious family party; Bob and his sister against Mrs. Dixon and Lawrence. Mr. Dixon looked on and lent applause.

Then it was all over and he was gone. And Abby Jane knew no more than she had before he came. He had enjoyed himself hugely; he had made them all like him; but still Abby Jane was long in getting to sleep that night.

Two days later Abby Jane found a letter waiting for her when she came home from Leslie Lennox's.

Her mother had placed it on the table in the living room and then gone away and left her to open it unobserved. Mrs. Dixon's hands trembled and she panted as she read. Presently, too, she was crying. After a dozen lines she ran to her mother.

"Oh, mother! He wants—he—he wants me to marry him. He's asked me in his letter, and he is coming to get my answer. And, mother, it's all because he fell in love with you. I saw in you the same shining promise that I saw in your dear mother. Some day you will be just like her, and that suits me. For I am one of those men, dear, who marry for the future as well as the present."

Abby Jane's voice ceased in a sob. And the mother who had made it all possible by being the shining promise of what Abby Jane would be at her age, took her daughter in her arms.

There are numerous features combining to make the May issue of Rod and Gun in Canada one of merit, and one that will greatly please sportsmen all the way from the Atlantic to the Pacific. In this issue, a new department, "Outdoor Talk," begins, and it promises to be an addition to the magazine that readers will enjoy. It is edited by W. C. Motley, the well known British Columbia sportsman and it is certain to meet with instant approval. Donnydale Dale, Robert Page Lincoln, C. S. Landis, J. W. Winslow, F. V. Williams, and other regular contributors, whose work is always in popular demand, have splendid contributions in the May issue, and there are a host of others, William MacMillan being a contributor of a very fine story, "Woo-Na, the Polar Bear." There is an interesting illustrated article on "The Banff Winter Sports Carnival," not to mention the sports department, edited by Frank H. Walker and many other features.

Try the classified advertisements and you will be surprised with the results. Others are using them with success every week in the year.



"Every Spring, for three successive years," says Mr. Ernest Hill, of Chesley R.R., Ont., "I was the victim of Boils. Though I had these inflamed growths I never cut rid until I used Zee-Buk. This topical skin purifier and healer is a wonderful remedy. There has never been any return of the old trouble."

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SPENT YEARS SEEKING RELIEF FROM RHEUMATISM AND HE FOUND IT IN TANLAC, SAYS COULTER

"After suffering for years and spending a small fortune trying to get relief, Tanlac has fixed me up in short order—it's certainly surprising how quickly the right medicine will get a person to feeling right again," said Charles Coulter, 125 Sackville St., Toronto, Ont.

"My hands and wrists were so swollen with rheumatism I couldn't hold a bow to play my violin. My right leg was affected also, and hurt so bad I couldn't bend it or lie on my right side. I suffered so terribly I never felt like eating, and my nerves were so unstrung I couldn't hardly sleep a wink. "I kept getting worse until I got Tanlac, but the rheumatism began easing up when I started on this treatment, and in a few weeks time was gone completely. I feel fine in every other way, too, and can get around like a schoolboy now. I'll tell the world Tanlac is great!"

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Accept no substitute. Over 35 million bottles sold.

Lost Her Appetite  
SAT DOWN AT TABLE  
BUT COULD NOT EAT

If you have a variable appetite, a faint gnawing feeling at the pit of the stomach, unsatisfied hunger, a heaving of food, rising and souring of food, heartburn, etc., you must look to your stomach as being the cause of your trouble.

**BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS** will regulate the stomach, stimulate secretion of the saliva and gastric juices to facilitate digestion, remove acidity, and tone up the entire system.

Mrs. J. H. Barker, Gainford, Alta., writes:—"I was troubled with loss of appetite, and was badly run down. I would sit down at the table, but could not eat anything, also I could not do any work. I tried Burdock Blood Bitters, and after taking half a bottle I found I was eating better, and after having taken two bottles I could hardly get enough to eat. I certainly will praise B. B. B."

Get the genuine; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

## WOMEN'S NSTITUTE

The following is the Institute program for the balance of 1923:

May  
Canadian Painters and Sculptors.  
Education and better schools.

June  
Convention report.

September  
Canadian Musicians.

Legislation.

October  
Commercial Industrial Life.

Agriculture.

Very few buyers know what they want until they have talked to a good salesman.

Employment Bureaus are for both men and women.

4815.



ALBERTA GOVERNMENT  
EMPLOYMENT BUREAU

A Bureau for the City of Wetaskiwin and district is located at the U.P. A. Cooperative Store, with A. F. Moon in charge.

Employers are requested to make their requirements, as far as assistance is concerned, known at above address, and those seeking employment should register at once.

Employment Bureaus are for both men and women.

4815.

**Ford**

BUY NOW AND MAKE CERTAIN YOU GET THE BEST PRICES

Runabout \$405  
Touring \$445  
Coupe \$695  
Sedan \$785  
Chassis \$345  
Truck Chassis \$495

The number of people who buy Ford cars will set the price of Ford cars.

Norman W. Fead  
Wetaskiwin, Alberta

FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA  
FORD, LIMITED, ONTARIO

**"DUNLOP"**

The World's Most  
Envied Tire

Record Mileage—Faultless Anti-skid

## Buy At Home

AND DIVIDE YOUR DOLLAR WITH YOUR NEIGHBOR

Everybody has a certain amount of Civic Pride—that sort of pride which helps make a village a town and a town a metropolitan city.

The growth of any community is dependent upon the support given its citizens. If we fail in our cooperation the town either stands still or retrogrades. If we uphold the town by sustaining it wholeheartedly we help ourselves and the community. The theme of this advertisement is "Help our town, buy at home"

Let us divide our dollars among our merchants and fellow-citizens who have the interests of the community at heart. Help them and they will help us to greater values—for increased volume means decreased costs.

The city needs our support and we need the support of the town. Let's get together and share our fortunes.

The Wetaskiwin Times

Phone 27



## Wetaskiwin Times

Published every Thursday at the Times, Block, McDonald Street, Wetaskiwin, Alberta.

Subscription, \$2.50 per year; \$2.00 per year if paid in advance. U.S. postage, 50 cents extra. Advertising rates on application.

V. C. FRENCH  
Editor Proprietor

THURSDAY, APRIL 26, 1923

## Have You Quit?

Consider the hen. She doesn't quit scratching when worms are scarce. Do you? Do you quit advertising when times are hard? Are you neglecting your window displays; have you given up chanting your "Every day in every way," and substituted therefor the paralyzing slogan "What's the use?" If you have—consider the hen.

## Setting A Bad Example

The Legislature on Friday rescinded the resolution previously passed that the plebiscite on the beer petition be granted under the Direct Legislation Act. This in order to get around the point that the act of the act are not being complied with. That of course is only side-stopping. The petition was prepared in conformity with the provisions of the act, and asked that the Legislature do what the act said it would do. Regardless of what the petition asks for, or what the members would like to do, there is only one thing to do under such circumstances. If a Legislature will not live up to its own enactments, how can the public be expected to do so?—Bulletin.

## Is It Needed Or Only Wanted.

Charity is one of the noblest instincts that stir the human breast. St. Paul tells us all about it in the thirteenth chapter of First Corinthians, and he lays it on pretty thick. "Charity, thinketh no evil," and so on. Unfortunately this trait of thinking no evil makes it easily imposed upon. Even St. Paul doesn't claim that charity owes anything to the able-bodied man who doesn't want to work.

We mention this matter because we have run across a couple of instances where employment has been offered to "relief" cases, only to be met with either flat refusal or a demand for such ridiculously high wages that it amounts to the same thing as a refusal.

Do we have to "relieve" men who are able—but unwilling—to relieve themselves?

## Judging A Town

Do you know that a town looks like its citizens? That if there is anything wrong with your citizens, there is something wrong with your town? That people judge a town by its appearance? That if your back lots are filled with unsightly rubbish, your alleys full of dirt and trash, there is something wrong with your town? Clean your town! Keep it clean! It means dollars and cents to you! More towns die for want of public spirit than for any other reason. When a person is looking for a location and a home, and he goes into a town and finds it full of enthusiasm and everyone working to build up the town as well as their own business, he joins the crowd; the town looks to him like a good place to establish his business. When he goes into a town where everyone is gloomy, and the people seem to be wandering around in circles, where they have no faith in their town or its future, naturally, he moves onward.

## Sessional Indemnities

Protests are pouring in to the provincial government because of the reductions made in the regular expenditure of the province. Every cut, however small, has been followed by complaints from the people affected. From some districts complaints because the health services are curtailed, and protests because the cut cannot be made in the department of agriculture. Associations receiving grants from the department of agriculture are complaining quite as bitterly and are as much disappointed because the assistance previously given has been curtailed. Three years ago the government which at that time was giving a liberal assistance to the schools of the province, made very extensive increases. But the re-

ductions in the grants even under such conditions, meet with very great disappointment. No government can embark upon extensive curtailment without causing considerable dissatisfaction. This dissatisfaction is made much more bearable if it is made all around. For that reason the members of the legislature cannot expect the recent cuts to be received in any generous spirit unless they share in the general curtailment. The people have the last to say. The public clamored for the increased expenses. Now the public is getting to the frame of mind where it will accept curtailment of services, if the members who are insisting upon the curtailment bear their share in the reduction. The argument is used that a member of the legislature is worth \$2,000 a year or nothing, which may be correct. But it is difficult to make the public believe that the members of the Alberta legislature are worth more than the members of all the other provinces of Canada. Following are given the indemnities paid in the provinces of southern Alberta and also to Alberta: Nova Scotia, \$1500; New Brunswick \$1000; Manitoba, \$1500; British Columbia \$1600; Saskatchewan \$1800. The seasonal indemnity in the province of Ontario is \$1400 but during the last two years because of unusually long sessions, an extra \$500 has been added. The indemnity of the province of Quebec is \$2000 a year. It will be seen by the above that legislation is costing Alberta very much more than that of other provinces. Manitoba has a larger population than Alberta, but gets along with an expenditure on the members and ministers for \$57,000 a year less than this province. The speaker's indemnity for the Alberta legislature is larger than the indemnity of the speaker at any other legislature with the exception of Quebec, where it is \$4,000. The salaries of the members in the different provinces, including seasonal indemnities are as follows: Quebec, \$14,000; British Columbia \$16,000; Alberta \$16,500; Saskatchewan \$9,300; Nova Scotia \$7,700; Manitoba \$7,500. These figures speak for themselves. With no need of retrenchment, doubtless there would have been little pressure for reduced expenditures. But the public is not likely to take very readily any policy at cutting down started by the provincial government which does not also hit somewhere at these figures.—Ryley Times

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## MR. MERCHANT, DO YOU KNOW THAT

A good merchant owes his customer advertising as much as he owes them sixteen ounces to the pound.

If you make no friends for your store, you may be sure the day will come when you need them.

Even if you are sure you know better what the customer wants than he himself knows, it is not good business to let him see it.

It is a wise merchant who keeps a record of all goods taken out of stock for the use of himself and his family.

The fellows who expect luck to bring them success are sitting by the wayside watching the fellows pass who know that luck is the thing that gets them what they want.

A man who is pretty nearly honest is just about as trustworthy as an egg that is pretty nearly good.

Most dealers think of their adver- tising as something that they need to do in their own behalf and overlook the fact that store news is something people are entitled to, to justify their continued trade.

You have to tell 'em to sell 'em; and you have to keep on selling 'em to keep on selling 'em.

## ALL FIELD SEEDS TO BE CLOSELY GRADED

The Seed Control Act, administered by the department of agriculture at Ottawa, is undergoing amendment at the present session of parliament.

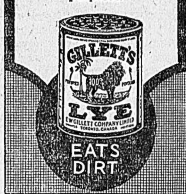
The amending bill, after receiving approval of the agricultural committee, has had its second reading in the house of commons. The original act provides for the compulsory grading only of timothy, alfalfa, red clover, and alfalfa. The grades of these seeds recognized are "Extra No. 1, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 and Rejected."

The amended act will extend compulsory grading to all kinds of grass and clover seed, flax, sorghum, millet, wheat, barley, rye, corn, buckwheat, sunflower, field peas, field beans, and vetches. Provision is made for including seeds of other kinds of farm crops. The bill also provides for the optional grading for commerce of field roots and garden vegetable seeds. Farmers selling seed on their own behalf will not be required to grade seed grain. Grass seed and clover seed, however, sold from the farm must have been officially tested and graded on the basis of a control sample.

## GILLET'S LYE

Comparatively few people realize to what extent Gillett's Lye can be used to advantage in every home. For instance, with one can of Gillett's Lye and five and a half pounds of lard or grease, ten pounds of good hard soap can be made. Use one tablespoon Gillett's Lye in gallon of water for cleaning and disinfecting refrigerators, sinks, garbage cans, tiled floors, baths and toilets.

Useful for over 500 purposes.



Here and There

The Swiss Government has appropriated 500,000 francs for the purpose of assisting the emigration of unemployed workers, especially as farmers to Canada.

Saskatchewan now stands first in the world in regard to the number of rural telephones per capita, with a telephone for every nine of the population.

The Canadian Pacific Railway has a survey party in the Rocky gold field, looking for a route in case it should be decided to push further northward the line now being built from Mattawa to Quince.

Construction work on a 39 mile extension of the Acme-Panama line running from Drumheller to the Bull Pond will be commenced this year according to statement made by D. C. Coleman, vice-president of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Organization of the Okanagan fruit growers into a co-operative association has now been accomplished. Among the main difficulties which faced the co-operative advocates was the raising of adequate credit to finance the scheme. This has been overcome.

The United States bought Canadian produce during February to the value of \$26,715,205 in comparison with \$20,115,296 in Canada exports to the United States in 1922. Exports of Canadian produce to the United Kingdom were \$17,873,000 in February 1923, and \$12,112,000 in February 1922.

Canadian exports of whiskey for the year ending March 31st, 1923, amounted to 329,181 gallons valued at \$2,898,977, for the previous year the quantity exported was 192,519 gallons valued at \$852,729. Ale and beer exported during the past year amounted to 1,454,629 gallons, for the previous twelve months the amount was only 421,904 gallons.

Making Canada Europe's best and quickest road to the Orient means much to this country and the Canadian Pacific Railway, in re-arranging its route from England or France to Japan so as to reduce the journey by four days, has made the route more than ever a serious competition of travel via the Suez Canal. About 10,000 miles in 21 days is better than ever Jules Verne thought of.

A silver tag attached to the dorsal fin of a salmon before its release after the eggs have been removed at the Dominion Government hatcheries is one of the methods resorted to by the Fisheries Department for tracing the life history of the fish. A reward of \$1 is paid by the Department for the return of silver tags that are being attached to Atlantic salmon, together with scales from the side of the fish, and particulars regarding their length, weight and place of capture.

With a view to developing tourist resorts along its line in Central and Western Ontario, the Canadian Pacific Railway will erect Bungalow Camps after the style of those successfully operated in the Rockies. The first three will be built in the Nipigon, French River and Lake of the Woods districts, and should be ready for occupation by July 1st. The low cost of construction and the fact that they will make it possible to charge much lower rates than the standard hotel, and the camps will prove a boon to those of moderate means who desire to spend a week or more or less in the outdoors.

The Dominion government doesn't seem to know as much as an ordinary Indian's aid society. Did you ever hear of a harvest home supper pulled off in the spring? That's when the government tries to collect its income tax.

## THE ARCTIC HAS FED CATTLE AND HORSES, AND WILL RAISE GRAIN, TOO, SAYS NORTHMAN

THE ARCTIC IS NO DIFFERENT TO ALBERTA IN THE GRADUAL TRANSFORMATION OF THE LAND FROM WILDERNESS TO FARM. CONDITIONS CHANGING NOW AND NORTH WILL SUPPORT DOMESTIC ANIMALS AS WELL AS CARIBOU

Some new insights on the possibility of Arctic stock raising, and grain culture, are supplied by Harry A. Warner, engineer, of Edmonton, who has just returned from the Arctic coast. Mr. Warner is a strong believer in the theory that the Arctic will in years to come prove habitable for the white agriculturalist, and he draws parallels with settlements in Alberta which some years since were considered to be fit for nothing but raising muskrats; where in the musk-peg ice could be found at the depth of a few feet below the moss all summer, and where though this condition exists at the present day, but half a mile distant farmers are raising crops of all kinds—and good ones.

Many theories have been advanced regarding cattle raising and agriculture in the Arctic, and it is significant to note that the Hudson's Bay company with their vast and ancient knowledge of the country are apparently satisfied that this was feasible and actually did "crum" forty head of oxen within the circle.

This episode dates back prior to advent of the C.P.R., when arrangements were made by the Gentlemen Adventurers to ship in all their trade goods via Alaska. Plans were perfected for operating steamers from the sea, commencing at St. Michael's, in Alaska, up the Yukon river to the limit of navigation. Then York boats on the Porcupine and Peel rivers to the height of land, where a wagon road would take the trade goods over to the Mackenzie slide, where they would again be placed on steamers and taken to all the company's posts as far south as Lake Athabasca, and perhaps farther.

The H.B.C. shipped in forty head of oxen via the Athabasca and the Mackenzie, and these were delivered safely on the proposed portage road eastward of Fort McPherson. It was planned by the company to construct a road of between thirty and thirty-five miles; this was cut out, bridge timbers were hewn, meadows burned off and fenced, and other preparations made for extensive operations on the Rat River portage. Then came word that the G.P.R. had commenced building the steel road, and the Arctic route which might have changed the whole outlook of Western Canada was abandoned. The oxen were driven over the mountains to Fort Yukon and slaughtered for beef, and the entire episode was forgotten, except in the memories of some of the real northern old timers.

What is significant is that the H.B.C. recognized that cattle could themselves obtain a living in the Arctic, and that they were prepared to hinge their entire transportation system on this theory.

Further concrete examples of what is possible are furnished by other travellers. In 1898 a prospecting party took north with them two horses for packing purposes, and ranged and fed these animals at a point fifteen miles north of the present settlement of Akavik, and withing a short distance of the Arctic coast. The horses were used in the Arctic for a year, but finally they wandered away and were lost or destroyed by wolves.

Fifty per cent of the area of the Mackenzie delta is grass covered, says Mr. Warner, and following the examples of others, large bands of both horses and cattle could be fed here with no more difficulty than would be experienced in Northern Alberta.

Again, to get away from theories and illustrate actualities, it is noteworthy that the Northern Trading company's fur post manager at Akavik (well within the Arctic circle), has grown cabbage (and lettuce, while a few grains of wheat which were planted, headed out but did not ripen. Root crops cannot be grown, due to the fact that the ice is so close to the surface, but the northman is of the opinion that plants which produce their crops above the surface can speedily be brought to bear. Although these may not become immediately successful, they undoubtedly would in time as drainage and clearing opened up the land as it did in the prairie northwest, and Mr. Warner thinks that as the ground warms barley and oats will be cultivated successfully. The first of an enormous massing through Fort McPherson.

The frost of a previous geological age is passing slowly; the present age is a warmer one, and if the top moss and other overburden is stripped from

the ground the perpetual frost will recede, says Mr. Warner, and the non-cultivable areas will gradually diminish. As a case in point, the engineer mentions the home husbandry—Scotland—where some centuries ago the people had to depend mainly on oat food because no other grain could withstand the rigors of the climate. Nowadays Scotland will grow any of the temperate zone vegetables and grain, and what is true of Scotland will have a parallel in the soils of the far north.

From the stock raising and grain growing standpoint the far north has a distinct potential value, says Mr. Warner, though, of course, it will be many years before it is largely utilized. There are areas, though, within the three line limit, which can be made to produce a growth sufficient to sustain a settled population, and in general the northern traveller ridicules the idea that far north is a wilderness, which never will do more than provide feeding grounds for semi-domesticated herds of the reindeer family.

Throughout the winter Mr. Warner lived in a tent in his Arctic home and felt no hardships thereof. Akavik is no cooler than Edmonton, he says, though on the coast proper the winds blowing off the open leads in the ice made for more arduous conditions. The mysterious and dreaded barren lands, he compares to the prairies of fifty years ago, while he avers that the wilderness is a very different thing to the desert and that the first named can be made normal

by the use of commonsense methods of life and travel.

So far as this engineer observed in his Arctic travels, there is nothing heroic about the matter; it is simply a monotonous and continuous grind, and if the musher plans ahead, and takes no heed of the consequences. With a basic foundation of professional knowledge, an open and enquiring mind, and a liking for the edge of things, Mr. Warner was well equipped to observe, and in visualizing the matter he looks to the future as well as to the present. He can see great developments in the Canadian Arctic and sub-Arctic in the years to come, once the theory that the vast terrain to the north as inhospitable wilderness is shattered. In Europe similar country is producing cattle and crops in this time of writing, and the man from the north can see no reason why Canadians should regard the blank spaces at the top of the map with anything but intense interest.

Just as surely as the prairies

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## WANTED

For 25 Scottish Families Arriving in Edmonton Within the Next 30 Days

25 FARMS OF 160 ACRES

In the District Between Red Deer and Edmonton and surroundings

Each quarter to have at least 40 acres broken and habitable buildings. Would consider purchasing stock and equipment with each quarter.

Good Terms Essential

Land must be within Eight Miles of Railway  
Apply to the Secretary,  
THE SCOTTISH IMMIGRANT AID SOCIETY,  
Red Deer, or at 8317 105th St., Edmonton, Alberta

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The

## Wetaskiwin Times



# LUTHERAN PASTORS OF MISSOURI SYNOD MET IN WETASKIWIN, APRIL 17 TO 19

"We shall never forget Wetaskiwin!" That seemed to be the unanimous sentiment of the twenty-one Lutheran pastors, who met in convention at the Zion Lutheran church three days of last week.

Among those present were two who had grown old in the service— one having passed the eighty-third milestone, Prof. J. H. Herzer, of Calgary. The rest were all men in the prime of life, who are spreading the joyful gospel message over a territory extending from Peace River to Calgary. All are men who have had an academic training of six years besides a course of three years at the largest theological seminary in the world. Not only do they speak the German language as well as the English, but they also have a thorough instruction in Greek, and Hebrew, as well as in all other secular branches. Almost all are products of the Christian day school, an institution which even today is highly cherished by the Lutheran Missouri Synod. For this reason the aged professor Herzer had been invited to deliver an essay on the Christian day school. Going over the history of the parochial school, he showed how Luther already saw the need of Christian instruction for the children, how the early Swedish Lutheran settlers in America at once proceeded to establish parochial schools, and how the founders of the Missouri Synod had at the very organization, seventy-five years ago, required every congregation, which applied for admission, to maintain parochial schools. Today this synod has about 1300 such schools throughout the States and Canada. The essayist stressed three reasons for the maintenance of parochial schools, first, the spiritual welfare of the children; secondly, the welfare of the church in future generations; and thirdly, the welfare of the state. He said: "Only such children, who have in their early Christian training learned the will of their Maker in obedience to their parents, love toward their fellowmen, and cheerful submission to the rightful powers of their government, will in later years be good citizens, for they are such for conscience sake." The Christians of the Missouri synod cheerfully support the public schools by the payment of taxes, and, besides, are willing to bear the extra burden of maintaining the parochial schools for the Christian training of their children, without one cent of support from the government.

Another paper was read by the Rev. C. Janzow, of Leduc, and much important business transacted. On Tuesday evening an illustrated lecture on the mission of the Missouri synod among the negroes was well attended. On Wednesday evening the pastoral service was held. The Rev. Karing of Camrose, delivered the confessional address, while the Rev. J. C. Mueller of Edmonton, preached a forceful sermon. All pastors present partook of the Lord's Supper.

## CHURCH CHIMES

**IMMANUEL CHURCH**  
Sunday, April 24th—  
7:30 p.m.—Evening service.  
2:30 p.m.—Sunday school.

**SWEDISH MISSION**  
Sunday, April 24th—  
Morning at 10:30 a.m.  
New Sweden at 8 p.m.

**FULL GOSPEL MISSION**  
Sunday school, 2 p.m.  
Sunday night, 8 p.m.  
Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 8 p.m.  
Young People's meeting, Friday, 8 p.m.

**PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH**  
Rev. A. L. Elliott, M.A., R.D.  
Sunday, April 24th—  
11 a.m.—"The First Brothers."  
2:30 p.m.—Sunday school and Young People's Bible class.  
3:00 p.m.—Oddfellows' annual service.  
7:30 p.m.—"A Place for Wrath."

**METHODIST CHURCH**  
Sunday, April 24th—  
The pastor, Rev. W. H. Irwin, will have charge of both services.  
11 a.m. subject—"The Al Man."  
2:30 p.m.—Sunday school.  
7:30 p.m. subject—"Why Jesus was not a Prohibitionist."

**John Knox School**  
The Rev. Mr. Irwin will conduct divine service at John Knox school on Sunday at 3 p.m. There will be a special talk to the girls and boys. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

A prominent Woman's Club—"The rolling pin."

# Council Deliberates Lays Tax and License Bylaws

(Continued from Page 1)

It was ordered that all debris and refuse in the city be cleaned up by May 16, and the Chief of Police be instructed to see that all vacant lots and yards be cleaned up by that date. A man will be engaged by the city to clean up city property at the same time.

A matter was brought up where a building occupied two lots, one owned by a citizen, and one owned by the city. This was referred to the public property committee and city solicitor to report.

Ald. Gothard reported on condition of nuisance ground. The committee was granted \$50.00 towards cleaning up and fencing property.

The Agricultural Society requested the city to furnish 100 fence posts to fence north and east side of fair grounds. The request was granted. An offer of \$6.00 for fence on Lansdowne street was referred to the public property committee.

Bylaw No. 462, appointing J. E. Prater a registrar of elections for the year 1924, was read three times and finally passed.

Bylaw No. 463, respecting the issue of licenses was read three times and finally passed.

Bylaw No. 464, respecting the management of the Wetaskiwin hospital, was read three times and finally passed.

Bylaw No. 465 respecting assessment of motor vehicles, was read three times, and finally passed. This bylaw will collect from the owner of an automobile or truck valued at \$500.00 or less, about \$9.00; from \$500 to \$500, about \$15.50; from \$500 to \$900, \$17.50, and over \$900, \$27.50.

Bylaw No. 466, respecting a Service Tax, was read three times and finally adopted. This provides for the same scale of income as last year, namely:

**Single Persons**  
\$500.00 to \$1,000.00, tax of \$5.00.  
\$1,000.00 to \$1,500.00, tax of \$10.00.  
\$1,500.00 to \$2,000.00, tax of \$15.00.  
Over \$2,000.00, tax of \$25.00.

**Married Persons**  
\$1,200 to \$1,500, tax of \$5.00.  
\$1,500 to \$2,000, tax of \$10.00.  
\$2,000 to \$2,500, tax of \$15.00.  
\$2,500 to \$3,000, tax of \$20.00.  
Over \$3,000, tax of \$25.00.

Ald. Liversidge gave notice of motion that he would introduce a Business Tax Bylaw at next meeting of council.

The matter of purchasing feed for the team was left with the fire committee with power to act.

Meeting adjourned at 12:45 a.m.

# CAMROSE HAD A VERY COSTLY FIRE LAST WEEK

Camrose suffered its second fire loss this year at eleven p.m. on Wednesday of last week when fire of unknown origin burned the Windsor barn on Railway avenue to the ground and caused a loss of between \$12,000 and \$15,000 when the double shed and a quantity of lumber located on the east side of the barn caught fire and was practically demolished.

## MOCK PARLIAMENT

The second session of the Mock Parliament of the Wetaskiwin high school was held on the evening of Friday, April 13, in the Parish Hall.

After the usual preliminaries the members from Wetaskiwin moved that the capital punishment bill be given its third reading. After the passing of this bill Kenneth Montgomery asked leave to introduce a bill for the relief of unemployed. In the discussion which followed the second reading of this bill, Kenneth Montgomery spoke in favor of the bill. He pointed out that the relief of unemployed by the construction of public works is far more satisfactory than any system of charity. The proposed public works:

1—A terminal, elevator at Vancouver to serve as an outlet for the grain of the prairie provinces.

2—A lobster hatchery at Halifax which should preserve the lobster industry.

3—A storage elevator at Wetaskiwin, of value \$500,000.

4—The deepening of the Sasichewan river to facilitate the exporting and importing of commodities by water, to cost \$2,000,000.

5—A federal wireless station at Winnipeg from which market conditions all over the world might be broadcasted.

6—A public highway along the northern shore of the great lakes.

7—A submarine tunnel to be constructed under the Straits of Northumberland, at a cost of \$3,000,000.

8—A hospital for drug addicts at Montreal.

All work was to be completed by December 31st.

Gordon French also spoke in favor of the bill, showing how certain clauses, such as the construction of a storage elevator at Wetaskiwin would be of particular benefit to the western provinces. The terminal elevator at Vancouver would also be of great benefit to the west, doing away with the high freight rates encountered shipping grain to Halifax.

The following members of the opposition spoke against the bill, Fairy Willows, Ruth Allen, Ben Furman, and Will MacFarlane. The bill was condemned on the ground that it was

# Expense of Running Car Depends on Care Given

Attention to detail in the matter of operating expenses is a part of the successful experience in keeping a budget, whether it be for the household, for business or for the automobile. When it comes to detail (temperaments vary). To personally attempt to detail may be a pleasure to one person and a bore to another. To these automobile owners who play around their machines a good deal as a feature of their recreation details have some appeal, especially when they represent economy.

In the operating expenses of a motor car the major items might be listed as gasoline, oil, tires, supplies and repairs. If an owner is interested in getting the maximum service out of his car at a minimum of cost, consistent with such service he will be willing to take the time to study the car and learn how it operates the best.

The amount of gasoline a car uses varies greatly with the size and weight of it. There is a tendency to use a greater amount of gasoline. Perhaps fifteen miles per gallon of gasoline might come near being an average for all cars. The heavier vehicles often give about ten miles or less per gallon of gasoline and some of the lighter models will give twenty miles or more per gallon of fuel.

Salesmen are often enthusiastic about gas consumption. They sometimes lead the prospective owner to believe he can get 20 to 25 miles per gallon. This is not an impossibility with some cars, as the record mileage is well over 50 miles per gallon. But the owner who gets exceptional mileage must keep his machine in perfect running condition. Often high mileage on gas is not obtained because the owner demands other things such as quick acceleration, big power for hill climbing and high speed. To obtain these the carburetor cannot be adjusted to the minimum gas consumption point.

With oil, the consumption varies waste of public money as it would actually fail in its purpose. The elevator at Wetaskiwin was claimed to be unnecessary, while according to Mr. Kirkpatrick, one of the leading engineers, the construction of the submarine tunnel would take at least seven years. Since the work was to be finished by December 31, no relief would be afforded during the most severe winter months.

After some discussion the house went into a committee of the whole and the bill was discussed clause by clause.

Progress was then reported to the house and after the third reading the bill was passed.

greatly in different cars; with some cars in excellent condition a quart of oil may do for 1,000 miles. With others a similar amount of lubrication may be good for only 100 miles. The variation in the consumption of oil may be due in part to the way the rings fit in the pistons. Or it may be due to the amount of oil the lubricating system delivers. If the oil is fed into troughs the level may be carried so high that more oil will be fed than is needed.

This will then work by the pistons be burned and given off in the form of smoke. The same result obtains if the pistons and rings do not fit properly. Even though the oil does not burn it may become diluted by gasoline getting into it, due to the engine beginning to run at too low a

temperature, or too loosely fitting piston rings. Thus the oil becomes unfit for lubricating purposes and must be replaced. It is remarkable how far a quart of oil will go in lubricating a motor when the engine is in good condition.

Tire expense can be estimated safely at 2 cents a mile or 1/4 cent per tire mile. This cost will differ depending on the kinds of roads driven over. City pavements naturally are not so hard on tires as some country roads. Then, too, overloaded cars or under-inflated tires tend to increase the tire cost per mile. Non-skid chains especially if put on too tightly, will increase the wear and tear on tires. Also, tires on a car left out of doors in all sorts of weather, or left for a long time standing in a garage tend to deteriorate faster.

## SEEDS

We have a stock of

Sunflower, Millet, Sweet Clover, Brome Grass, Rape, Corn, Field Peas, and Other Seeds.

We have a car of very choice 2 C.W. Oats at 65c per bushel

A car of No. 3 C.W. Barley is expected in soon Good Heavy Feed Oats, 55c per bushel

We have several cars of nice Hay coming, also Green Oats in Bundles

Crushed Oats, \$1.75 cwt;

Farmers' Special Chop, \$1.70

Cash for Eggs

**Wetaskiwin Produce Company**

## The Scandinavian Store

"THE STORE OF NORMAL PRICES"

Our latest shipment includes a fresh supply of

SCANDINAVIAN HERRINGS

SCANDINAVIAN ANCHOVIES

SWEDISH BREAD

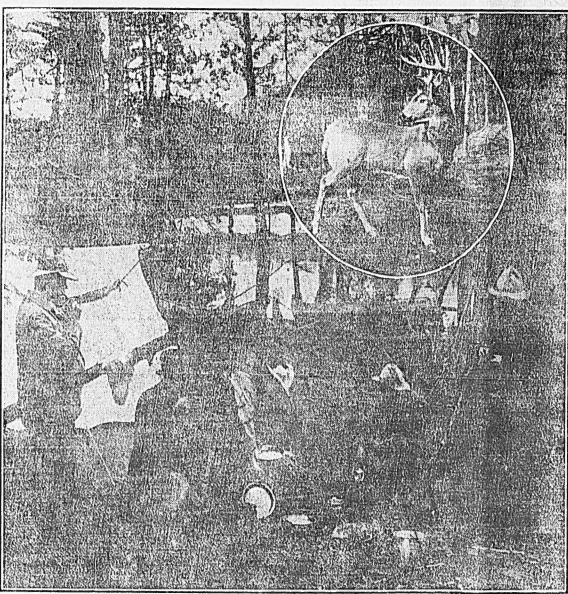
We handle the famous "Everwear" Brand of

Aluminum Goods

**J. E. GULLBERG**

The Scandinavian Store Railway Street East

## ADDITIONAL ATTRACTION TO THE NIPIGON

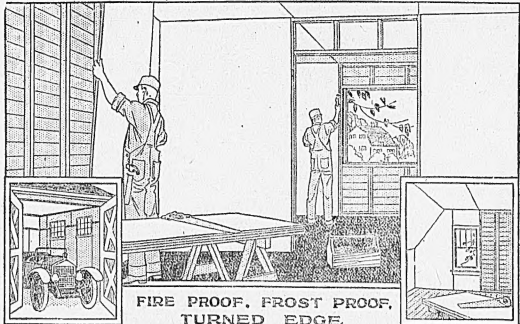


Camping on the Nipigon river-side.

If you could get a better buck than the one above, how far would you go to get him? The camera man got this one in the Nipigon district of Ontario, and it showed a great deal of interest in the rest of the party. Usually, however, they are not so approachable, and to get close enough to shoot is more or less of an achievement. The picture is therefore remarkable for this if for no other reason.

The Nipigon has only of recent years come into its own as a hunting and fishing country, but for centuries Indians and Whites have hunted and fished along its trails,

more sportsmen and many who go in search of health as much as game. Up to the present, however, the number has been confined to those who are satisfied or able to live in tents and "rough it," so the building this year of one of the Canadian Pacific Bungalow Camps will prove a still greater attraction. The scenery is superb and is a type all its own, for nowhere else can one find such a blending of greens and browns in foliage or such beautifully wooded waters. In later years, when its wealth of mineral ore is exploited much of this will be destroyed, but at present it stands as one of the most "worth-while visiting" countries in the world.



FIRE PROOF. FROST PROOF. TURNED EDGE.

## EMPIRE WALL BOARD

See how quickly permanent, smooth surfaced walls and ceilings of Empire Wall Board can be put up. And the desirability of "Empire" is that it is Fire-proof, and may be used in kitchen, basement, parlor, garret, or garage with equal satisfaction in the knowledge that it reduces fire risk, as well as providing adequate insulation against the extremes of climate. Moreover it is sound-proof, rodent and vermin-proof.

It comes in standard size boards of uniform thickness that are handled and applied like lumber.

It makes tight-jointed, flawless walls and ceilings that may be decorated as desired. It will not buckle, warp or shrink.

These dealers sell and recommend Empire Wall Board, and will gladly demonstrate its utility and economy.

REVELSTOKE SAWMILL CO., LIMITED  
THE IMPERIAL LUMBER COMPANY, LTD.

Wetaskiwin, Alta.



## Classified Ads.

## For Sale

FOR SALE—Pure bred Shorthorn bull, gentle, \$40.00. H. Harkness, Phone 106, Millet. 6-2tn.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Mammoth Bronze Turkey eggs for hatching. Mrs. B. L. Burrell, Phone 3714. 6-2tn.

POTATOES FOR SALE—1 mile east and 2 miles south of city. A. T. Johnson, Phone 1806. 6-1tn.

BOOKING ORDERS—For M. R. Turkey Eggs, \$2.50 for 9; also Buff Orpington eggs. Mrs. C. M. Gibbon, Phone 1808, Wetaskiwin. 5-3tn.

CHICKS—Pure bred Barred Rock day old baby chicks, good laying strains, selling at 25c each, also barred Rock hatching eggs, \$1.50 per setting of 15. Registered Bantam Olds, redeared, \$1.00 per bushel. Apply Box 426, Wetaskiwin, or Phone 910. 5-3tn.

FOR SALE—Four registered Short horn Bulls, red in color, tuberculin tested, 1 year old, Apply Wm. Thibault, Angus Ridge, Phone 709, Wetaskiwin. 5-3tn.

SETTING EGGS—From pure bred White Wyandottes. \$1.00 for setting of 15. Dr. N. A. Johnson, Phone 282, Wetaskiwin. 5-3tn.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—From pure bred White Wyandottes. \$1.00 for setting of 15. Apply Mrs. L. H. Newville, Phone 1209, Wetaskiwin. 5-2tn.

SETTING EGGS—For Sale from pure bred Buff Orpingtons. \$2.00 per setting. C. D. McLeod. 4-3tn.

FARMS FOR SALE—Or rent, near Falun. Enquire of Mrs. M. Leavenworth, R.R.1, Wetaskiwin. 4-3tn.

FOR SALE—Registered Shorthorn Bull, 3 years old, red color, reasonable price for quick sale. Phone R 903, V. E. Thompson. 1-6tn.

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Pure bred White, Holland Turkey Eggs for sale. Apply A. B. Evans, Phone 1002, Wetaskiwin. 4-3tn.

EGGS—Pure bred R.C.R.I. Red and White Wyandotte eggs for hatching. \$2.00 setting of 15, 2 settings \$3.00. 100 eggs \$9.00. Mammoth Bronze Turkey eggs, 60c each. W. & A. Greiner, Wetaskiwin, Phone 14051. 4-6tn.

FOR SALE—I have for sale the following chattels: 1 only Twin City Wild Out Separator; 1 only Grain Picker; 1 only Seed Grass attachment; 14 marker, a lot of rope 3/4 and 1 1/2 inch, 3 good milch cows, 3 yearling calves, a cheap saddle pony and saddle. Chas. D. Enman. 4-4tn.

## Wanted

WANTED—Number of setting hens at once. Apply to Mrs. Robt. Shaw, Wetaskiwin, or to Box "58" Times office. 6-1tn.

GOOD INDUSTRIAL MAN—To sell the well known and profitable line of Tawehigh Quality Products in the town of Wetaskiwin. Only a live wire wanted and need apply to the W. T. Rawleigh Company, Limited, Dept. D, Winnipeg, Man. 5-3tn.

WANTED—I have a good 16-39 Ramble outfit and am in a position to break any reasonable amount of land this spring. Write for terms and particulars. L. O. Risko, R.R.1, Millet, Alta. 4-3tn.

WANTED—At once, about six cords green wood. Leave information as to price, etc., at Box "F" Times Office 3-4tn.

WANTED—To hear from owner of good farm for sale. State cash price full particulars. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn. 4-6-11-12-15p.

## For Rent

FOR RENT—Office rooms in the Empire Block. Apply to Loggie & Manley, Wetaskiwin. 25-1tn.

TO RENT—Fully modern six room apartment, water free, \$15.00 a month. Also suite of three rooms, suite of two rooms, and three rooms, water free, rent moderate. All are within five minutes' walk of post office. Apply to Mr. Hawkins, Court House Ave., 3 blocks north Pearce St. E. 5-1tn.

## Impounded

IMPOUNDED—In the pound kept by the undersigned, 2-45-23-44th, on about April 12, Bay Golden, 2 years; Bay Mare, 2 years, no visible brands. Edgar Thirsk, Poundkeeper, Wetaskiwin. 5-2tn.

## Found

FOUND—In west end of city, on Wednesday last, gold brooch set with pearls. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this advt. at Times Office. 6-1tn.

## NOTICE

To Ratepayers of Div. 5, Municipality of Montgomery. You are requested to attend a meeting of Coal Land U.F.A. at 8 p.m. first Friday in May, at Paul Queen's farm, out of Millet, when municipal affairs will be discussed. A speaker from Edmonton will give an address on good roads. 4-3tn. T. T. Jerne.

## Public Notice

In the future, Nurse Irwin will be known to her acquaintances by her former name, Edna M. Weigl. 6-4tn.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

In the Estate of Robert M. McCarter, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above-named Robert M. McCarter, late of Merville, Iowa, who died on or about the 15th day of September, 1922, are required to file with Short, Cross, Maclean & McFriede, Solicitors for the Administrators, 10114 106th St., Edmonton, Alberta, by the 11th day of May, A.D. 1923, a full statement, duly verified, of their claims and of any securities held by them; and that after that date the said Administrators will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to its knowledge. Dated at Edmonton, this 13th day of April, A.D. 1923.

Short, Cross, Maclean & McFriede, Solicitors for the Administrators, 10114 106th Street, Edmonton, Alberta. 5-3tn.

## BORN

HARVEY—At Millet, on Tuesday, April 24th, to Mr. and Mrs. Jas. O. Harvey, a daughter.

MULLOY—At Wetaskiwin, on Sunday, April 22, to Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Mulloy, a daughter.

LEE—At Wang, on Friday, April 20, to Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Lee, a son.

EHLKE—At Wetaskiwin, on Wednesday, April 18, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ehlike, a son.

HAY—Near Brightview, on Sunday, April 22nd, to Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Hay, a son.

GET IT AT THE FAIR U.F.A. Block. Fancy Goods, China, Crockery Small Hardware, Stationery. 4-6-11-12-15p.

Dempsey-Gibbons World Championship Fight is Officially Announced.

Salt Lake City, April 23.—Arrangements for a world's heavyweight championship fight between Jack Dempsey, the champion, and Tommy Gibbons, of St. Paul, have been completed and the fight will be held at Shelby, Montana, July 4. It was announced here last night by Eddie Kane, manager of Gibbons.

Representatives of the two fighters have agreed to all terms for the fight and only the signatures of the principals remain to be affixed to the articles, according to Kane.

The James McLaughlin farm, one mile south of Malm Store, containing 639 acres, to rent. For terms and particulars apply to

Chas. D. Enman, 3-4tn Authorized Trustee

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

In the Estate of William Henry Hartings, late of Brightview, Alberta, Farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above named William Henry Hartings, who died on the second day of November, 1922, are required to file with Thomas M. Gohar, of Brightview, Alberta, Executor of the above estate, or with the undersigned solicitors, by the first day of June, 1923, a full statement, duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them; and that after that date the executors will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to their knowledge. Dated this 11th day of April, 1923. Loggie & Manley, Wetaskiwin, Alberta, Solicitors for Executor. 5-3tn.

## MORTGAGE SALE OF FARM PROPERTY, NEAR GWYNNE, ALBERTA

Pursuant to the directions of the Registrar and by virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by "The Land Titles Act," under a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale. There will be offered for sale by public auction at the Post Office in the City of Wetaskiwin, in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday, the 12th day of May, 1923, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, namely:

All the North-East quarter of Section Thirteen (13) lying east and west of Battle River, containing One Hundred and Forty (140) acres more or less, and the North-West quarter of Section Thirteen (13) lying east and west of Battle River, containing One Hundred and Forty (140) acres more or less, both in Township Forty-Five (45) Range Twenty-Three (23) West of the Fourth Meridian, also the South West quarter of Section Twenty-Four (24) lying east and west of Battle River, containing One Hundred and Forty (140) acres more or less, and the South-West quarter of Section Twenty-Four (24) containing One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres more or less, both in Township Forty-Five (45) Range Twenty-Three (23) West of the Fourth Meridian. Total lands containing Six Hundred and Sixty (660) acres more or less, reserving thorough mines and minerals and subject to the exceptions, reservations and conditions in the original grant from the Crown and in the existing Certificate of Title.

Terms of sale to be Twenty per cent cash at time of sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the vendor's solicitors.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserve bid and free from all encumbrances, save taxes for the current year.

The vendor is informed that the above property is situated about eight miles from Gwynne Railway Station and consists of 290 acres of open land, 200 acres of cultivated land, 100 acres of brush, 50 acres of poplar and 50 acres of side hills, river bottom and sloughs. There is 6 miles of fencing and the soil is black loam with clay subsoil. The property is watered by a good drill well also river crossing land. Buildings consist of frame house, Frame Stable, Shed, Engine House, Granary, all attached, Frame Stable and Log House and Frame Chicken House. 200 acres were under cultivation in 1922.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Griesbach, O'Connor & Company, Solicitors, 10072 Jasper Avenue, Edmonton, Alberta.

Dated at Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta, this 2nd day of April, A.D. 1923.

Griesbach, O'Connor & Company, Vendor's Solicitors.

Approved: (Sgd) "A. T. Kinnaird," Dep. Registrar. 5-3tn.

Dempsey-Gibbons World Championship Fight is Officially Announced.

Salt Lake City, April 23.—Arrangements for a world's heavyweight championship fight between Jack Dempsey, the champion, and Tommy Gibbons, of St. Paul, have been completed and the fight will be held at Shelby, Montana, July 4. It was announced here last night by Eddie Kane, manager of Gibbons.

Representatives of the two fighters have agreed to all terms for the fight and only the signatures of the principals remain to be affixed to the articles, according to Kane.

## ALBERTA FAIR DATES

Dates for the agricultural fairs of Alberta for this year, were set at the fairs convention at Calgary, and are here given:

Calgary—July 9 to 14.  
Edmonton—July 15 to 21.  
Red Deer—July 23 to 28.  
Canmore—July 26 to 28.  
Lloydminster—July 30, Aug. 1.  
Vermilion—Aug. 2, 3.  
Vegreville—Aug. 5, 9.  
Fort Saskatchewan—Aug. 6, 7.  
Kitscoty—Aug. 9, 10.  
Winnifred—July 19, 20.  
Taber—July 25, 27.  
Grainau—July 30, 31.  
Clareholm—Aug. 1.  
Staveland—Aug. 3.  
Lethbridge—Aug. 1, 3.  
Nanton—Aug. 5, 6.  
Macleod—Aug. 8, 9.  
High River—Aug. 9, 10.  
Hayward—Aug. 7, 8.  
Magrath—Aug. 10, 11.  
Cardston—Aug. 13, 15.  
Okotoks—Aug. 14.  
Pincher Creek—Aug. 15, 16.  
Oyen—July 24, 25.  
Chinook—July 26, 27.  
Yellowknife—July 31, Aug. 1.  
Sibbald—Aug. 2.  
Hitchdale—Aug. 3.  
Hanna—Aug. 5.  
Bye-Moor (Hartshorn)—Aug. 8.  
Munson—Aug. 9.  
Big Valley—Aug. 10, 11.  
Strome-Killam—July 30, 31.  
Goose Creek—Aug. 1.  
Dysart—Aug. 1, 2.  
Sedgewick—Aug. 3, 4.  
Wetaskiwin, July 30, 31, Aug. 1.  
Lacombe—Aug. 2, 4.  
Innisfail—Aug. 6, 7.  
Leduc—Aug. 7, 8.  
Bowden—Aug. 8.  
Olds—Aug. 9, 10.  
Banff—Aug. 21, 22.  
Cambridge—Aug. 22.  
Greencourt—Aug. 25.  
Onaway—Aug. 25.  
Westlock—Aug. 31.  
Paddle River—Sept. 7.  
Nakamun and Sion—Sept. 7.  
Mid-Pembina—Sept. 7.  
Mossie—Sept. 8.  
Tychon—Sept. 7, 8, 9.  
Knealwell—Aug. 9, 10.  
Hawshaw—Aug. 9, 10.  
Donald—Aug. 10, 11.  
Hays (Lousana)—Aug. 15, 16.  
Alis—Aug. 16, 17.  
Lake Saskatchewan—Aug. 8, 9.  
Spirit River—Aug. 15.  
Hear Lake—Aug. 22, 23.  
Peace River—Aug. 24, 25.  
Grande Prairie—Aug. 28, 29.  
Lomond—July 25.  
Retha—July 26, 27.  
Chauvin—Aug. 1.  
Edgerton—Aug. 3.  
Landon and River—Aug. 3.  
Frieda and Millerville—Aug. 4.  
Carmangay—Aug. 5, 7.  
Provost—Aug. 7, 8.  
Coronation—Aug. 9.  
Castor, Aug. 10, 11.  
Irma—Aug. 14, 15.  
Wainwright—Aug. 16.  
Tofield—Aug. 17.  
Ponoka—Aug. 15, 16.  
Himbury—Aug. 17.  
Bonnyville and Durlingville—Aug. 22.  
St. Paul—Aug. 24.  
Rochester—Aug. 30.  
Colinton—Aug. 31.  
Bry Creek—Sept. 7.

## GROWING CORN FOR ENSILAGE

The growing of silage crops has become more general in Western Canada during the past year or two, and one of the crops which is best suited to this purpose is corn.

Over a large portion of the southern half of the three provinces corn can be grown profitably and, in any but very exceptional years will yield good crops of fodder. The average yield of the field tests of ensilage corn for the past ten years on the experimental farm at Indian Head is almost ten tons per acre.

The variety which suits our conditions best, yield and maturity considered, is North Western Dent. Other varieties may be more adapted to some districts, but for silage purposes and average conditions this variety is very suitable, as it gives a fairly good yield of fodder and will be sufficiently mature to make a first class quality of silage.

Ground which would otherwise be summer fallowed is entirely suitable for growing corn. The method of preparation which appears to give the best results is that of manuring and plowing the ground the preceding fall. This gives an increased yield over spring plowing. The spring growth of weeds can then be killed by cultivation before the corn is sown, and the harrowing just after the corn is up will also destroy a large number of weeds.

The date of seeding which gives the best yield appears to be from the 20th to the end of July. Later seeding than this decreases the yield considerably. Various methods of planting the corn are followed, and all have their advocates. Check-rowing, or planting in hills three feet apart each way, permits of killing the weeds with very little necessity for hand labor, the ordinary two-row cultivator being able to destroy all but a small percentage of the weeds. A corn planter is necessary for the check-row planting, and this is the most satisfactory implement to use even if the corn is planted in rows, as the amount of seed can be regulated accurately and, in most cases, a substantial saving of seed can be made by its use. Three to five seeds per hill will be found sufficient. In sowing in drills the drills should be three feet apart and the drill regulated to drop, as nearly as possible, one seed every six inches in the drill.

It is desirable to harrow the corn as it is coming up, as this does not injure it materially and will destroy thousands of small weeds. The number of cultivations required will depend largely on the weed growth, but usually three thorough cultivations will be sufficient to keep down the weeds and promote the best development of the crop.

The corn will make the best quality of silage if allowed to grow until the kernels have reached the firm dough stage, or a little past the time when the ears are suitable for roasting.

The best implement for cutting the crop is of course the corn blinder, and by a number of neighbors clubbing together, the individual cost of the machine can be greatly reduced.

ALL NORTHERN ONTARIO TOWNS RAPIDLY REBUILD AFTER DASTROUS FIRE

Toronto, April 23.—With incredible rapidity Haliburton and other fire-swept towns are rising from the ashes of the northern Ontario holocaust of last summer, according to W. H. Alderson, chairman of the Northern Ontario Fire Relief Committee, who has returned here after investigating needed needs in that area. It would be difficult to recognize Haliburton, he said, in the new and substantial buildings which have been erected on the site since the fire.

Announcement

I wish to announce that I have opened an office in the Criterion Hotel, which will be known as the

E. A. STROUT FARM AGENCY

Watch for further announcements.

Farm For Sale

Quarter section west of Millet. Fronts on a lake, giving inexhaustible supply of water the year round. Splendid location for stock or dairy farm. Would consider automobile in exchange.

APPLY BOX "H" TIMES OFFICE

FOR SALE

No. 2 C.W. Oats (cleaned) per bushel .... 63c  
No. 2 C.W. Oats (not cleaned) per bushel 80c  
No. 3 C.W. Oats (not cleaned) per bushel 55c  
No. 3 Barley, (not cleaned) per bushel .... 57c

ALBERTA PACIFIC GRAIN CO.  
Thos. Toreson, Agent Phone 159

After Every Meal

WRIGLEY'S

In work or play, it gives the poise and steadiness that mean success.

It helps digestion, always thirst, keeps the mouth cool and moist, the throat unswollen and relaxed and the nerves at ease.

Her Bad Cold Turned To Bronchitis

A cold, however slight, should never be neglected, for if it is not treated in time it will, without doubt, lead to bronchitis, or some other serious lung trouble.

Bronchitis is not really dangerous, but the complications which are liable to follow make it necessary to get rid of it on the first sign.

Bronchitis starts with a short, painful, dry cough, accompanied with rapid wheezing and a tightness across the chest. At first the expectoration is of a light color, but as the trouble progresses the phlegm, which is raised from the bronchial tubes, becomes of a yellowish or greenish color, is of a stringy nature and sometimes streaked with blood.

In Dr. Wood's Newway Film Syrup you will find a remedy that will stimulate the weakened bronchial organs, soothe the irritated parts, loosen the phlegm and mucous, and disengage the mucus accumulation.

Mrs. C. E. Slater, Sydney, N. S. writes: "Last Fall I was troubled with a very bad cold which turned to bronchitis. I tried several kinds of medicines, but without relief. A friend told me about Dr. Wood's Newway Film Syrup. I used two bottles, and my cold and cough were completely gone, and I was as well as ever. Now I can never without Dr. Wood's Film Syrup."

Be sure and get "Dr. Wood's" Film Syrup and get a bottle put up by The T. M. B. Co., Limited, Toronto.

It Has to Pass Our Baker First

EVERY "milling" of Quaker Flour must satisfy our baker before it leaves the mills.

The wheat is analyzed by our chemists for protein, gluten and ash; the perfect grains are selected and cleaned. The product is tested at every stage of milling. A perfect flour is the result.

But the supreme test takes place in our own bakery. Every day's "milling" of Quaker Flour must receive the O. K. of our expert baker. It must produce bread perfect in size, flavour, colour and texture, before it can leave the mill. Nothing is left to chance in producing Quaker. You will make far better bread and cake with

Quaker Flour

Always the Same—Always the Best

It costs a little more, because it's much better.

THE QUAKER MILLS  
SASKATOON and PETERBOROUGH



## Edmonton Weekly News Bulletin

## Clipping "Victory" Coupons

Let this serve as a reminder.—Be sure to clip your Victory Bond coupons on the date they become payable, and present them at this Bank, where they will be promptly cashed.

Victory Bond Interest becomes due on May 1st and November 1st.

## IMPERIAL BANK

WETASKIWIN BRANCH N. W. WRIGHT, Manager  
Branches at Mill 4, Peritoth and New Norway.

## GEO. L. OWEN

AUCTIONEER AND VALUATOR

where Auction is not required

FURNITURE HARNESS WAGONS

and in fact everything in the Second Hand line  
HIGHEST PRICES PAID

YOURS FOR BUSINESS

GEO. L. OWEN Phone 33

## FARM LOANS

We have money to loan on improved farms at current rates of interest.

Prompt service.

IF YOU NEED A FARM LOAN, SEE US.

## C. D. SMITH &amp; CO.

Railway St. West.

Wetaskiwin

## The Building Season Is Here

Remember that we can furnish you with the best of material. Call in and inspect our stock.

We will appreciate your visit.

See our Stock of Screen Doors Before you Buy.

Also ask to see our Lamateo—You can make anything out of this beautiful board.

Agents for B.L.K. Miller

## The Imperial Lumber Co. Ltd.

Pioneer Lumber Dealers

Wm. Berry, Agt.

## O. I. C.

## MELLETT &amp; CO.

Wetaskiwin's Up-to-date Sheet Metal Workers and Furnace Men are still on the Job.

Save Money by Seeing Our Lines of

## PIPELESS FURNACES

Stock Tanks and Tank Heaters always on hand  
All jobbing attended to while you wait

WETASKIWIN

ALTA.

## FREE AIR FOR YOUR TIRES

MOBILE AND POLARINE OIL  
Of any grade desired, in car loads, barrels, or gallon lots. Call here for your supply.

GET YOUR TIRES NOW BEFORE THE ADVANCE IN PRICES

We are agents for Dunlop, Dominion and Ames-Holden.

WE REPAIR ANY MAKE OF CARS

FORD AND CHEVROLET SERVICE STATION

OXY-ACETYLENE WELDING

In connection with garage. All work done promptly.

AUTOMOBILE WORK A SPECIALTY

AUTO LIVERY AT ALL HOURS

Careful drivers Licensed Chauffeurs

Call for special Service Car for prompt assistance.

PHONES

Office, 50. E. E. Ness residence, 301. Eric Carlson residence, 293

## THE WETASKIWIN GARAGE

Ness & Carlson, Props.

PEARCE STREET EAST WETASKIWIN

## The 1922 Grain Crop

Interesting figures regarding the 1922 grain crop are given in the summary sent out on April 6, from the dominion bureau of statistics, at Ottawa. 254,082,193 bushels of grain arrived at Port William and Port Arthur, and 13,619,896 bushels at Vancouver, from September 1, 1922, to April 6, 1923.

On March 30th, there was in storage in elevators in Saskatchewan, 26,007,516 bushels, Manitoba 6,521,417 bushels, Western Ontario and B. C. elevators 348,683 bushels, and in Alberta elevators 9,358,589 bushels. 230,955 carloads of grain were shipped and inspected up to the end of March. The Canadian Pacific railway handled 125,655 carloads, and the Canadian National 105,900 carloads.

Of the grain inspected at Winnipeg out of 194,219 cars, 179,916 cars, or 92.60 per cent, graded No. 2 Northern or better. 130,029 cars graded No. 1 Northern.

## Plant Trees

Every man in Alberta should plant some trees this spring. Whether for ornament or shade, or for windbreak or shelter belt, the value of trees in this province cannot be over estimated. This is the time for both good thought and action along this line.

## Died in Victoria

John H. Cowell, clerk of the Alberta legislature since the formation of the province, died in Victoria on Saturday, aged 74 years. Mr. Cowell's death is deeply regretted in the provincial capital. He was born in Liverpool, England, served for twenty years as member of the House of Keys, Isle of Man; after coming to Canada was for several years in the newspaper business at Red Deer; was a man of education and ability, and he served this province in a capable manner from its formation in 1906 down to the present time.

1922 Busy Year in Oil Prospecting  
During the year 1922 boring operations for the discovery of oil and gas were conducted in different districts in the province of Alberta, in the North West Territories, the Railway Belt of British Columbia, and some boring was done in the provinces of Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

Up to the end of the last calendar year, there had been about 230,000 feet of drilling done in Alberta alone. The results have been the discovery and development of one of the greatest gas fields of the world, the output of which amounts to 180,000,000 cubic feet per day, and is used for domestic and industrial purposes in many of the towns and cities of southern Alberta, particularly in the cities of Medicine Hat and Calgary.

In addition to the gas wells there are six wells producing oil in Alberta, all situated in the southern Alberta foothills area, and one well in the North West Territories. The output from the wells in southern Alberta is not large, but it has been found to be profitable to operate them.

1923 promises to be a much busier year in oil prospecting than 1922. Successful drilling in Northern Montana has caused the formation of a number of companies who are drilling on the Canadian side of the boundary.

Saskatchewan Telephones  
Saskatchewan stands first in the world in regard to the number of rural telephones per population—with a telephone to every 11 inhabitants. Saskatchewan has \$11,000,000 invested in town telephones with 31,800 subscribers, and \$15,000,000 invested in rural telephones, with 58,000 subscribers.

## Farmers and Banks

Nearly four thousand persons designated as farmers, ranchers and wheat growers in Canada were registered as shareholders in Canadian chartered banks in 1922, according to a report recently tabled in the Canadian parliament by the minister of finance. The number of farmer shareholders, by provinces, was as follows: Alberta, 218; British Columbia, 32; Manitoba, 830; New Brunswick, 65; Nova Scotia 245; Ontario 1,188; Quebec 465; Prince Edward Island, 28; and Saskatchewan 747. A total of 18,573 farmers paid income tax to the federal treasury in the year 1922 and of all the provinces, Saskatchewan last year had the greatest number of tax-paying farmers with a total of 6,560. Ontario came next with 6,134 and Manitoba third with 3,458. The total for the other provinces were: Alberta, 1,638; British Columbia 640; New Brunswick 48; Nova Scotia, 105; Prince Edward Island 40; Quebec 150 and the Yukon 3.

## New Federal Constituencies

A forecast of the federal redistribution of Alberta constituencies creates four new seats: Peace River out of the northwest part of Edmonton west; Athabasca, out of the north-east part of Edmonton east; new riding out of parts of Medicine Hat and Battle River constituencies; and a new riding out of parts of Victoria.

## Battle River and Red Deer constituencies.

## Sir Robert Baden-Powell

The warm reception given to Sir Robert Baden-Powell on his visit to Alberta, after an absence of thirteen years, was a tribute to the man and to the great movement which has been developed and whose association was his name—The Boy Scouts. His addresses at Edmonton and Calgary, before large representative citizen gatherings, were models of simplicity and directness. Perhaps the most important point he emphasized was the fact that Canada, through the war, had lost so many of her promising young men, and at the same time had taken on such great obligations as legacies of the war, that it was of the utmost importance to every man to see that training and character building among the youth of today was such that would make capable men and women for the future. The scout movement inculcates in the boy's life and work, the spirit of good-will, co-operation and self-sacrifice; and puts character and self-discipline and the true spirit of religion into the forefront of his life. Scouting is an aid to education and many of the boy scouts of today are in training to make of themselves the foremost men in the life of the Canada of the next generation.

## Boys' and Girls' Exhibits

Perhaps one of the most potential features in connection with the spring shows at Edmonton and Calgary were the outstanding exhibits of live stock shown by the boys and girls. The exhibits were wonderfully creditable. These competitions must develop in the boys and girls on the farm a greater love for animals, and a better idea of animal and man, and also an idea of the business end of the live stock industry. And perhaps it is fitting them to stay on the farm. We hear lots these days about the "drift from the farms to the cities," and on the other hand there is the cry of "back to the land." Any movement which will help the boys and girls to appreciate more their outlook and opportunities in following the vocations of a country life is in these days to be commended. "The great rural interests are human interests, and good crops are of little value to the farmer unless they open the door to a good kind of life on the farm," said President Roosevelt. And Robert Louis Stevenson said "It is a man love the labor at his hand, apart from any question of success or failure, the Gods have called him." Cornelius Smith wrote an interesting poem on "Why Some Boys Leave the Farm" and "Why Other Boys Stay at Home" and he seemed to have an understanding of the question.

## In the Legislature

The whole provincial estimates having been passed in committee of the whole house, Premier Greenfield on Monday introduced a bill to provide for the necessary funds for the public service.

Mr. Christopher's resolution asking for the appointment of a commission to enquire into the cost of living in Alberta came up for consideration on Monday. The motion was defeated. Bill No. 69, to amend the Public Libraries act, was withdrawn.

Hon. Mr. Brownlee introduced a bill to regulate the practice of Chiropractic. This bill will take the place of the bill introduced early in the session by Mr. Buckley.

On Wednesday the standing committee on public accounts reported having held six meetings, and examined seven witnesses, and recommended that the evidence taken be printed. The report was concurred in.

The printing committee recommended the printing of all departmental annual reports of the current session, the synopsis of the various statutes passed, the public accounts for 1922, and the budget speech. The committee's recommendation was adopted.

Several amendments to the Statute laws have been submitted and passed in the house.

At the Monday evening session, it was moved by Premier Greenfield and seconded by Hon. Mr. Brownlee: "Whereas, a committee of the house was appointed to investigate and report on the petition praying for the enactment of a proposed Temperance Act, and

"Whereas, the said committee reported that the said petition appears to be in order, and to conform with the provisions of the Direct Legislation act: Be it therefore resolved:

"That the proposed Temperance act be submitted to the electors of the province in accordance with the provisions of the Direct Legislation act"

The motion was agreed to.

On Tuesday, Premier Greenfield moved, and Hon. Mr. Brownlee seconded: "That in order to obtain an adequate expression of the opinion of the electors on the whole question of the

regulation of the sale of liquor in this province, and to avoid as far as may be a further referendum in the near future, it is, in the opinion of this house, desirable that alternative questions based on other forms of liquor legislation should be submitted by plebiscite at the same time as the referendum on the proposed Temperance act."

The motion was carried on a division by a vote of 42 to 15.

This was followed by a motion by the Premier, seconded by the Attorney General:

"That a committee of five members, representing all sections of the house, be appointed to recommend to this assembly alternative questions to be submitted to the electors, said committee to be named by the Premier:

The motion was carried, and the following committee named: Messrs. MacLachlan, Davidson, White, Mills, and Dr. Stewart. Mr. Mills declined to act on the committee. The committee reported at the Thursday afternoon session, recommending some amendments to the Direct Legislation act, in order to submit to the electors the following question on a preferential ballot:

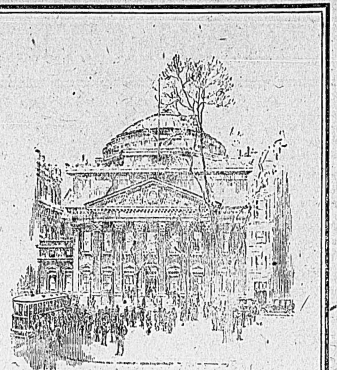
(a)—Prohibition.—Meaning thereby a continuance of the present liquor legislation.

(b)—Licensed Sale of Beer.—Meaning thereby the sale of beer in licensed hotels and other premises as provided in the proposed Temperance Act.

(c)—Government Sale of Beer.—Meaning thereby the sale of beer by or through government vendors for consumption in private residences under government control and regulation.

(d)—Government Control of All Liquors.—Meaning thereby the sale of all liquors by or through government vendors, under or through government control and regulation, in private residences; wines and spirits to be purchased in limited quantities under permit issued by the government control and regulation.

Consideration of the committee's report was deferred until the session of the house on Friday afternoon.



## Victory Bond Interest

When your interest coupons become due, or when you receive cheques for interest on registered bonds, deposit them in a Savings Account in the Bank of Montreal. The money you receive on your investment in bonds will then earn interest for you.

Wetaskiwin Branch: E. A. HOLBROOK, Manager.

## BANK OF MONTREAL

Established over 100 years

TIMES ADVERTISEMENTS BRING RESULTS

## The Secret of Cleopatra's Beauty



However much she called upon cosmetics to increase her beauty, thorough cleansing was never neglected. Palm and olive oils were the basis of Cleopatra's elaborate toilet and the foundation of her lifelong beauty.

The luxury of Palmolive is a gift of modern science which ancient beauties never enjoyed. The palm and olive oils which they used are now blended in the finest facial soap the world has ever known.

In the mild, soothing, creamy lather of Palmolive you find an ideal cleanser. It is lotion-like in its action. It soothes while it cleanses. It is a real complexion beautifier.

The price places it within reach of all. You can afford to use it for every toilet purpose.

You can buy Palmolive Soap at all first-class dealers.

Made in Canada

Volume and Efficiency  
Produce 25-cent  
Quality for

10c

1922

## MACDONALD'S Brier



The Tobacco with a heart

Canada's Best Buy -  
THE ECONOMY PACKAGE

1/2 lb. Now 80¢ (ALSO PROCURABLE 1/2 lb. PACKAGE 15¢) 34







## MILLET

Sunday services will be held at Porto Bello, 11 a.m.; West Liberty, 3.10 p.m.; Millet 7.30 p.m.

Do not forget Mother's Day—Sunday, May 15th. Plan for a big day.

Ladies' Aid sale of home cooking, Saturday, May 6th.

Do not forget the social at Porto Bello school, Monday evening, May 7th at 8 p.m. A free lunch will be served, after which a voluntary offering will be taken.

A program, brief, but good, will be rendered. Then a sale of useful articles, the chief of which is the large and beautiful woolen comforter. Mr. A. P. Mitchell, our popular

auctioneer, will be there.

After a period of three weeks' illness due to spinal meningitis, Raymond George, child of Mr. and Mrs. Young, of Telford school district, passed away on Saturday morning in the hospital at Edmonton. The remains were shipped to Millet, where a brief but impressive service was conducted at the grave by Rev. I. N. Hughson. Many floral tributes were given in token of deep sympathy for the sorrowing family.

## REPLIES TO ADVERTISEMENTS

Replies to advertisements addressed to Box "D", Box "E" and Box "J", are awaiting advertisers at The Times office.

## TOWN TOPICS

Mrs. J. L. Poole is attending a W. C. T. U. convention in Lacombe this week.

Wetaskiwin Chautauqua dates have been set for this year. They are June 23, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29.

The regular meeting of the Cherry Grove local U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. will be held at the home of Mrs. C. Nellis on Tuesday evening, May 1. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

The regular meeting of the Scandinavian Hospital Aid will be held at the home of Mrs. Atkinson, the 1st of May. Everybody is cordially invited.

Luther Williams has announced his intention of seeding more than one thousand acres of wheat this year on the Graves ranch adjoining the Hobbema Indian reserve.

The Federal Grain company of Winnipeg has started the construction of a new elevator at Hobbema. They expect to have the "house" completed in time to handle this year's grain crop.

The dance held by the Women's Curling Club at the Blue Lantern on Friday evening last, was greatly enjoyed by about fifty-five couples, the music being excellent, and the dance a financial success, netting the club \$55.00.

A recital will be given in the Methodist church on Friday evening May 4th, by the pupils in elocution in Mr. Lewis' class. Musical numbers will be interspersed and the public is cordially invited. No admission fee will be charged out an offering will be taken.

There will be a session of the Students' Mock Parliament next Friday evening, April 27, at 8.00 o'clock in the Parish Hall. This promises to be an exceptionally good session. Bill No. 3—On control of natural resources, will be brought up. Everybody is welcome.

The Wetaskiwin Tennis Club announce their big annual dance on Friday, May 4th, at the Blue Lantern. This night has been secured through the courtesy of the I.O.O.F. ladies postponing their dance, advertised for that evening, to a later date. The young people of this club desire your cooperation in helping to boost tennis in Wetaskiwin.

A very successful charity bridge party was held at the home of Mrs. R. W. Manley on Monday evening, April 23rd. Forty-four sat down to play. The winners of the ladies' and gentlemen's prizes respectively were Mrs. Enman and Mr. Somers. Mrs. Robertson and Mr. Davidson secured the consolation. Refreshments were served at the close of play, and the party broke up at twelve o'clock.

A very enjoyable card party was held at the Driad hotel on Monday evening, April 23rd, under the auspices of the Wetaskiwin Hospital Board, which resulted in the raising of about thirty dollars for hospital purposes. The hospital ladies below in charge: Ladies' first prize went to Mrs. Wismann; second to Miss Moon; consolation Mrs. Spencer. Mr. Beguin secured gentlemen's first; Mr. English second, and Mr. Sparks consolation. After the play a dainty supper was served in the dining room by Chairman C. Smith, and dancing was afterwards indulged in.

## TOWN TOPICS

Mrs. D. W. Cobblestick of Edmonton is visiting at the home of Dr. T. B. Stoverison.

Frank Hinchberger left last week for Regina, where he has secured a position as cream grader.

A rummage sale by Wetaskiwin ladies will be held on Railway street east on Saturday afternoon of this week.

Whyte & Orr are renovating their hardware premises to the extent of laying a new floor and giving the exterior a new coat of paint.

The regular meeting of the Ladies' Hospital Aid society will be held in the nurses' sitting room on Tuesday May 1st, at 4 p.m.

The Ladies Aid of the Swedish Mission church will meet at the home of Mrs. C. H. Swanson, on Tuesday May 1, at 3.00 p.m. All are cordially invited to attend.

The Cherry Grove U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. are offering \$25.00 in prizes in a gopher tail contest, to the children under the age of sixteen, in the following school districts: Angus Ridge, Battle River, Cherry Grove and Butley. For further information apply to the teachers of these schools, or to the secretaries of the locals.

C. W. Walin is busy preparing for the "Kodak" season. He has just installed what he claims to be the best enlarging camera in the world, and says he will give a free enlargement to anyone who is interested enough to inspect the instrument on Saturday. Mr. Walin has also installed a new speed printer and equipment for drying the prints quickly, and a complete set of tanks that will put the finishing touch to the finishing department is expected any day.

## POLICE COURT

The following cases were disposed of before R. M. Angus, J.P., in the police court last week:

Geo. Sin was fined \$5.00 and \$3.75 costs for an offence under the Public Health Act.

Wong Koong was fined \$3.00 and \$3.75 cost for an offence under the same act.

Wm. Peacock was fined \$2.00 and costs for delivering milk in an unsanitary vehicle, and unclean cans.

Koong Wo was fined \$5.00 and costs for an offence under the public health act.

W. Lahoo was fined \$5.00 and costs for delivering milk in an unclean vehicle and unclean container.

The above prosecutions were made under the department of public health. On Tuesday last, Joe Abousarry and Abousarry & Murray were assessed \$13.50 and costs on two charges of infringement of the motor vehicles act.

Civilization seems to have passed successfully through the crisis of the bobbed hair.

It takes a woman's intuition to grasp the great difference between two dollars and \$13.50.

The fellow who accumulates a black eye is always anxious to explain how it happened.

Many a large man physically is so small mentally that he could rent the rest of his skull for a ball room.

## BUSINESS LOCALS

Don't forget the Tennis dance in the Blue Lantern on May 4th.

Forgan's Clubs, Silver King and Colonel Bulls, at Enman's.

Attend the best dance of the season in the Blue Lantern on May 4th.

Forgan's Golf Clubs are made at the Home of Golf. You can get them at Enman's.

Wanna' dance with my girl on May 4th? Be at the Blue Lantern that night.

Golfers, Enman's Bookstore is handling Forgan's Golf Clubs. You should see them.

A dance will be held at Nashville on Friday, April 27. Rodney's orchestra in attendance. Lunch will be furnished. Everybody welcome.

A dance will be held in the Mahno hall on Friday, April 27th. The roads are good. Wetaskiwin orchestra in attendance.

Roses, Lilacs, Shrubs, Perennial Flowers; also currant and gooseberry bushes. Get them from P. C. Petersen & Sons. We always welcome visitors whether they buy or not. 5-4

## We Are Showing the Latest in Novelty Earrings

These come in various styles and colors. Priced from \$1.00

There is nothing in the novelty line that is just as popular now as these new creations in inexpensive earrings.

Our repair department is in a position to handle your watches, clocks and jewelry repairs in such a manner as to give you complete satisfaction.

## H. R. FRENCH

C.P.R. Watch Inspector

Watches, Clocks

Jewelry, etc.

repaired

The Wetaskiwin Tennis Club wish to remind you of their big annual dance on May 4, at the Blue Lantern. They assure you the best dance of the season and they need your support to help promote tennis.

## JUST ARRIVED

A CARLOAD OF RECLEANED SCREENINGS  
\$27.80 PER TON CHOPPED AND SACKED

The MacEachern Milling Co. Ltd.  
Phone 16 Wetaskiwin

Come to our regular

## FRIDAY NIGHT DANCES

Dancing 9 to 12 p.m. Brake's Orchestra  
Tickets 75c each Supper included

THE BLUE LANTERN (Brake's Confectionery)

To Introduce the New Enlarging Service of our

Amateur Finishing Department to the Public,

## THE WALIN STUDIO

Will Give A Free Enlargement

to anyone who inspects our

NEW AUTOMATIC ENLARGER

(We can truthfully say there is none better in the world).

on Saturday, April 28th

Bring one of your good, clear films. If you haven't one, we will give you an enlargement from one of our scenic negatives. Only one free Enlargement to a family.

## Patronize Our Amateur Finishing Department

Our prices compete with the mail order houses. Our finishing and service "beats" them.

Rolls developed ..... 10c

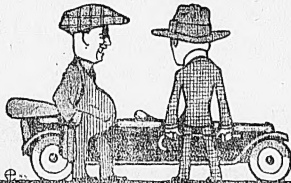
All prints ..... 5c

Enlargements at very reasonable prices. Rates quoted upon application. Work ready one day after you leave it.

You get a free enlargement when you have finishing done to the amount of \$2.50.

## Snyder's Hardware

## Paint Your Own Car



NEW CAR, JOHN?  
NIX 1915' REFINISHED  
HER MYSELF WITH  
Effecto  
AUTO  
FINISHER'S

Black, quarts ..... \$2.25  
Green, quarts ..... \$2.90  
Rubberset Brush ..... 45c

Ross M. Snyder & Co.  
HARDWARE MERCHANTS

## Banner Grocery

## Annual House Cleaning Sale

BE ONE TO PROFIT BY OUR  
HOUSE - CLEANING SALE

The Following Lines of Staple Groceries to Clear  
At Sacrifice Prices:

Grapelade, at ..... Half Price  
Red Cabbage, bottles, at ..... Half Price  
Whitefish, less than Half Price, 3 large tins 25c  
Prepared Mustard, bottles, ..... Half Price  
Red Cross Pickles, tins, at ..... Half Price  
Libby's Pickled Onions and Mixed Pickles  
regular 45c, for ..... 30c  
Jam, in bottles, regular to 60c, going at ..... 35c  
Royal Excelsior Dates, 2 packages for ..... 25c  
Bulk Dates, at 2 lbs for ..... 25c  
Hyp-o-Lite, regular 50c, for ..... 40c  
Mother Hubbard Soap, reg. 10c, 10 for ..... 60c  
Polar White Soap, reg. 10c, 10 for ..... 60c  
B.C. Onions, nice stock, 15 lbs for ..... 50c  
Gold Bond Corn, 2 tins for ..... 35c  
Libby's Prepared Mustard, reg. 25c, ... 2 for 35c  
Libby's Catsup, reg. 40c, at ..... 30c  
Choice Bulk Tea, Special at per lb ..... 50c

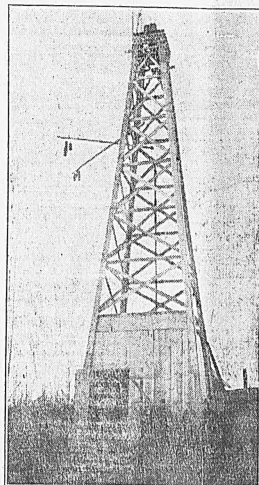
## ONION SETS

A large stock of the best on hand.  
Headquarters for Seeds of All Kinds  
Including Sunflower Seed

PHONE US YOUR ORDER  
PROMPT DELIVERY ASSURED

Our delivery car leaves the store at 10 o'clock sharp, every morning—Phone us your order in time for this delivery.

PHONE 4



The Mutual Oil Company's No. 1 Well at Pigeon Lake

## Five Cars of Feed

The shortage of feed in the district has compelled us to secure another supply and we have contracted for five cars of Green Feed to be delivered within the next ten days. Some of these cars will be baled, the rest will be in bundles.

This feed is about one half ripe and one half green, and will make excellent feed for both the horses and cattle.

We will have a supply of Choice No. 2 C.W. Oats stored in town in the next two weeks and these will be suitable for both seed and feed.

## The U.F.A. Store

(THE WETASKIWIN U.F.A. CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION, LTD.)

Phone 32.

Railway St. East.

Wetaskiwin